# Pro/file Updates

### The Newsletter For ZX Pro/file Users

Vol. 1, No. 4

October 1984

#### UPDATES UPDATES

Our little newsletter is growing up. Not in numbers of pages or in circulation but content. This issue is the first one where the majority of topics covered was provided by you--not me. For this, I thank you. It makes my job as editor one heck of a lot easier when I don't have to scramble for stories myself. I have a tendency to panic when the issue date comes round and I still have 2-3 empty pages. Your input saves the day. Keep those cards and letters coming in.

Circulation IS growing. At last count there were some 650 subscribers. For a newsletter devoted to further the utility of one specific program, I feel this is a very respectable number. You might also be interested to learn that as of October 1984, there are just a whisker less than 2500 legitimate copies of ZX Pro/File in circulation.

This means that a quarter of the people who bought Pro/File subscribe to the Updates. Take note that I purposely use the word "legitimate". I suspect that there are probably at least as many "illegitimate" copies of the program in use. As a software vendor, I quite naturally would prefer that everyone buy Pro/File. I make money when this happens, and it assures that I'll be around to write more programs. I recognize, however, that "sharing programs" is a veritable fact of life. There is just no way to stop it. My approach to dealing with this situation is not to take steps to obscure the program or make it un-copyable, but rather to provide everything a person could want. That's one big reason why there is a Pro/File Updates. My thinking is, if I can't sell 'em a copy of ZX Pro/File, maybe I can at least sell 'em a subscription to the newsletter.

—continued page 2

### WHAT'S NEW FOR VOLUME TWO

Volume 1 ends with this issue. For all but a tiny handful who have already renewed for next year, its time to sign up for volume 2. Its the same old price (\$9.95) for the same great subject matter. Next issue, I have a modification that adds math capability to Pro/File. I also hope to further develop this issue's Machine Code Edit cursor so as to allow for HORIZONTAL cursor movement as well. Other topics further down the road include the elusive CAI printer mod, alphabetizing, "OR" searches (e.g. search for words 1 and 2, OR word 3 and not 4), and a solid package for your computer that you can drop on the floor with no fear of crashing the program. To renew your subscription, send \$9.95 payment as soon as possible. Mark "RENEWAL" on your note so I don't screw things up and send you a set of volume 1 by mistake.

### **UPDATES** (cont.)

I am about to launch a new subscription drive. My goal is to boost circulation over the 1000 mark. I'm asking you for some help in accomplishing this. If you ever "shared" a copy of ZX Pro/File with a friend, ask them if they'd like to subscribe to Updates. You know and I know that they are missing a lot if they don't get it.

If you always guarded your Pro/File and directed anyone who asked for a copy to get one from me, I appreciate the respect you have for my work. But now I'm going to ask you, why not cut a copy for a friend or two. Show them an issue of Updates so they can see how much more they will get if they subscribe to the newsletter. The result is that everybody wins. Friends get a free copy of Pro/File, I get a new paying subscriber, and you get a newsletter that is financially sound, widely read, and able to provide you with articles from a broad range of reader interests.

### Z80 CHIP REPLACEMENT UPDATE

Many readers reported that last issue's suggestion to replace the Z80 microprocessor chip inside the computer to solve unexplained crashing problems works.

Tom Bent, the illustrious editor of SyncWare News suggests that the Z80B processor chip is a much beefed up version of the Z80A. It costs a little more, but is able to handle severe loads on the buss.

The Z80B is available from Jameco Electronics, INC., 1355 Shoreway Rd., Belmont, CA 94002 (Phone: 415-592-8097) Price is \$9.95.

The Z80 chip is plugged into a socket on the TS1000 circuit board. Replacing it is a simple matter of pulling the old one out and plugging the new one in.

While it is impossible to guarantee that this procedure will solve your specific problem, it is, for the cost, worth a try. Who knows, maybe you'll get lucky!

ZX PRO/FILE and the LAW Eugene G. Kramer/Freeburg, IL

As the Technician In Charge for the Illinois State Police, District 11, I use the Pro/File to perform:

Inventory of parts
Squad car equipment lists
Technical Reports
Agency telephone numbers
Work schedule lists

I'm also a volunteer ESDA (Civil Defence) director for our city and use the file system for work list schedules, emergency calls, inventory of supplies, and mailing labels. The TS computer is a powerful tool in my profession.

(editors note) If you get picked up in Illinois tell 'em you use ZX PRO/FILE. Who knows, maybe you'll get lucky!

### IMPORTANT PRO/FILE 2068 NOTE

If you purchased a copy of PRO/FILE 2068 and you're wondering why you haven't received a copy of the manual yet, its because the book is still not finished. I have been very busy of late and have not been able to devote the time needed to complete it. I am working on it. I'll send your copy as soon as I can. Your patience will be appreciated. I do have finished the chapter on interfacing big printers and will forward this section to any who ask for it if they send \$2 for copy charges and postage.

Q-SAVE ON THE TS1500 David W. Thomas, Millbrook, AL

I use a Timex 1500 which I got to replace my 1000 so that I might continue to use the programs and accessories I purchased for the TS1000. I was dismayed to find that my Q-SAVE would not work with the 1500. A letter to the importer brought the answer that the two were just incompatible. I recently found by accident that the program works fine, just don't use the filter/amplifier unit. I did find that I had to use the cables that came with the Timex (longer cables seem to lose too much voltage) and use full volume on the recorder.

### ACCELERATED SAVING with ZXLR-8

ZXLR-8 is a program that speeds loading and saving time with the ZX/TS. You can use it with Pro/File to typically load a 16K program in about 30 seconds. It is quick, readily available and inexpensive. Price is \$10.00 from G. RUSSELL ELECTRONICS, RD1 Box 539, Centre Hall, PA 16828. Phone: (814) 364-1325.

If you use a disk drive, there is no comparison in speed between ZXLR-8 and the disk. However, ZXLR-8 can do a lot of things the AERCO disk system can't do. The ability to save and load raw bytes of memory opens up the possibility of merging parts of different files into one. ZXLR-8 is a very powerful program with benefits that even a disk owner should not pass up.

### A Functional Overview

In order to use ZXLR-8 with ZX Pro/File a brief description of the program is in order. ZXLR-8 is a relocatable machine code program that can be used in place of the built-in ROM tape facilities. The advantages are higher speed and more versatility. With ZXLR-8 you can, in addition to saving and loading programs, save and load just variables, raw bytes of memory, TV graphics, and you can read data saved on tape to determine its name or what kind of data it is.

You operate ZXLR-8 by issuing a RAND USR call to the address where the program is stored in memory. ZXLR-8 then takes over and prompts you to input the information it needs to perform what it is you want the program to do. This is information such as the name of the file, its type (eg. program, variable, graphics, etc), whether you want a SAVE or a LOAD operation, etc.

After the operation is complete, ZXLR-8 returns control to either you the operator or the program which jumped into ZXLR-8. The utility runs in a very simple and straightforward manner, but it is so versatile that it can be a bit confusing at the start. The trick to mastering ZXLR-8 is to experiment with it. Don't be afraid to jump in with both feet. Remember the adage, "practice makes perfect".

#### General Procedures

Whenever you use a fast load program like this you must always first load the utility using the normal LOAD "program" command from the keyboard. Then you can use the utility fo fast load or save the program (like Pro/File) that you wish to use. Also, you cannot fast load a program until it has been fast saved.

Utilities such as this do not take a normal speed tape and magically make it go faster. Therefore, you must load the slow tape into the computer, modify it if necessary so it can be fast saved, and then save it using the new accelerated procedure. Once you have this on tape it can then be fast loaded.

### Modifying ZX Pro/File

Since ZXLR-8's machine code is relocatable (eg. you can put it anywhere in memory and still make it work), the first decision is where to put the utility.

If you use 16K of ram, there is only one choice: above ramtop. If you use more memory and you have the 8-16K block of address space availabe, you could put it somewhere in that area. In either case, ZXLR-8 requires 2K bytes of free memory in which to reside.

I advise placing ZXLR-8 so it starts at address 8192 (decimal) if you have it to use. Otherwise, keep the program above ramtop and starting at address 30500. This address (30500) is what the directions that follow will use as an example, and what you should use if you have a 16K ram pack.

16K ram owners will also need to reduce file capacity of ZX Pro/File in order to free up the 2K of memory needed for ZXLR-8. If you use 64K of ram, you don't need to reduce capacity since the utility will reside in the lower unused address space starting at 8192.

### Here's What You Must Do

- 1. LOAD your copy of ZX Pro/File and reduce the size of D\$ by 2268 characters. Follow the directions in past issues of Updates or in the Pro/File manual to do this. If you are starting with a "stock" copy of Pro/File with a D\$ length of 11000 characters, the reduced D\$ array would equate to a D\$ with a length of 8732 characters. (Note: 64K ram owners: you do not need to reduce capacity)
- 2. With D\$ suitably altered, change lines 25 and 35 of the Pro/File Basic so they read:

25 IF X\$="TAPE" THEN RAND USR 30500 35 IF X\$(LEN X\$)="/" OR X\$="TA PE" OR LEN X\$>28 THEN GOTO 18

- 3. This new version of the program must be saved on tape, but do not do this by going to 17 and typing SAVE from the Main Menu like you usually do. Instead, with the program listing on the TV, type SAVE "ZX" and ENTER. Record the program on a spare tape.
- 4. When you get the report 0/0 at the bottom of the screen, turn off the recorder and pull out the cassette. Set it aside, now, while you load the ZXLR-8 program. To do this, type LOAD "Z".
- 5. After it has loaded, the first prompt comes on the screen automatically. Before you actually start running the program, a few changes can be made to make its performance with ZX Pro/File much smoother. Break into the program listing by typing STOP and ENTER. Press ENTER again and ZXLR-8's basic will appear on the TV screen.
- 6. Delete ZXLR-8's Basic lines from 9005 to 9023. To do this, type the line number you wish to delete, then press ENTER. Presto, the line is gone.

7. Now add these Basic lines:

9005 POKE 16961,15 9010 POKE 17107,234 9020 LET L=30500

Important: line 9020 creates the variable L which is equal to the starting address of the ZXLR-8 machine code when it is located above ramtop (16K rammers). If you locate the program at 8192, you change this line to reflect the new starting address such as LET L=8192 (for 64K)

8. Insert a new high quality tape into your recorder and prepare to SAVE this modified ZXLR-8. Start the recorder and type GOTO 9000 and ENTER to save it.

After the save is complete, the program adjusts ramtop, moves the machine code from the REM statment it was in originally up to its new home starting at address 30500, and then executes NEW. Don't be surprised, therefore, when you find the K-cursor staring you in the face. This is precisely what should happen.

- 9. Turn off the recorder. Do not rewind the tape. Instead, pull it out of the recorder and set it aside while you re-load the tape you just made of the shortened ZX Pro/File.
- 10. When you get the old snake eyes (a 0/0 report code), Type GOTO 17 and ENTER to start the program running.
- 11. Type "TAPE" once the Main Menu is on the screen. The ZXLR-8 now takes over. It prompts, "INPUT FILE NAME", to which you respond: ZX (or some other name that seems appropriate). Second, ZXLR-8 asks, "INPUT COMMAND". This means type the function you wish the program to execute. You respond: PS meaning Program Save. The third prompt says "START TAPE".

12. Pull out the Pro/File tape and stick the modified ZXLR-8 program you just saved in step 8 back in the tape recorder. Press the record button and then press ENTER on the computer. About 30 seconds later the program finishes saving and a prompt comes up on the screen which says, "STOP TAPE". Do so and press ENTER again to return to ZX Pro/File operation. You have just completed the modification.

### Reloading the Cassette

Now when you are ready to start a session with ZX Pro/File, LOAD the first program in the normal way. Type LOAD "Z".

When you get the K-cursor on the screen type RAND USR 30500 (or RAND USR 8192 if you use 64K of ram).

Follow the ZXLR-8 prompts to load the program you need. Enter the file name (ZX), enter the command to load a program (PL), and play the tape to load it.

Several different Pro/Files can be given different names and saved onto the same tape. Using the Index Load feature of ZXLR-8, you can read the program names to find out just which files you have saved.

AND THE WINNER IS... (The most unusual use Dept.)

SET LISTS! We have a little country western band and we play for dances in our local Austin Texas area. I put every song we do in Pro/File complete with its key, who sings it, key changes, and type (walz, two step, etc.). When it comes time to play a gig, I go in and select the songs we are to play and add a two digit code which describes set number and song number within each set, do an Auto Search and Print. Out comes a tailor-made set list of the songs we will play.

The Timex printer paper is the perfect size for taping to the top edge of my guitar! Keep on Hackin' ....... Charlie Fagg

### GOOF-PROOF LINE EDITING Break-key Blues

How many times have you been adding or editing a file and suddenly found yourself face to face with the program listing without knowing why or how you got there?

This annoying occurence is caused by accidently pressing the BREAK key while the edit cursor is blinking. If you're not paying attention, the results can be disasterous.

To recover from an unintentional BREAK there are two things you can do: Press CONT and ENTER, which starts the cursor blinking again, or type GOTO 17 which sends you back to the Main Menu. In both cases, whatever was displayed on the TV screen before you hit the Break key will be lost and must be added back.

Unintentional BREAKS are bad news. Think for a minute of what could happen if you were typing numbers into a file and you accidently press Break. Without realizing it, you could type a number, press ENTER, and delete a program line. Depending on what got deleted, you could have a real mess on your hands.

Ever since the first time I accidently hit BREAK, I've been thinking about how this problem could be eliminated. Now, several hundred BREAKS later, I offer you this fool-proof alternative to the blinking edit cursor.

#### What It Does

This routine uses a machine code keyboard scan that ignores the break key. Instead of having a cursor "blink", it stays on all the time, taking the form of an inverse graphic greater than sign (>). You still use the up or down arrows to move it, you still press ENTER to input a line of text, and you still press "C" to close a file. But you can press BREAK to your heart's content without the slightest concern. What's more, this modification is compatible with Dan Pinko's LINE INSERT command that appeared in Updates Vol. 1, No. 2. In fact, the procedure for entering the machine code is the same for both features so you would do well to bone up on that issue.

### The Necessary Changes

Follow the instructions given in Updates 1:2 page 5--Machine Code in Pro/File, Where to Stick It--to reserve the first 255 characters of the D\$ array for machine code.

This Keyboard routine occupys the 22nd to the 119th characters of D\$ so to put the code in, add these program lines:

> 9900 FOR X=22 TO 119 9910 INPUT Y 9915 LET D\$(X)=CHR\$ Y 9930 NEXT X

Enter GOTO 9900 and input the numbers given in the VALUE columns in the poker table given below and at the top of the next column. Ex: 62, ENTER, 3, ENTER, 50, ENTER, 43, ENTER and soforth.

When the program stops, add, delete, or alter the block of Basic lines from 500 to 565 so they look like the listing in the next column.

### MACHINE CODE POKER TABLE

CHARACTER D\$(X)	VALUE	CHARACTER D\$(X)	VALUE
23456789012345678901234567890123456 2222223333333333444444444455555555	6354508 40552908 3 242447145400550 635462124424212171301241611223412340	5556612345678901234567890123 <b>4</b> 5678901	4 8560648 835003555633683510355 63444 12445229546654621512654665462352316

### POKER TABLE (Continued)

CHARACTER D\$(X)	VALUE	UHARACTER D\$(X)	VALUE
92 93 94 95 96 97 99 100 102 103 104 105	79 245 6146 142 144 6119 2454 200 254 118	106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 1156 117 118	200 000 0057 2087 2442 2333 2445 79201

### PRO/FILE Basic ADD/EDIT Routines

Lower case letters signify INVERSE characters (white on black G-cursor)

310 PRINT AT 0,20; "edit/file" 320 GOTO 503 495 GOTO 509 500 IF B=1 THEN CLS 501 PRINT "add/file--enter titl e";AT 3.0;">\*" 503 LET Y=3 504 LET L=262+(PEEK 16400+256\*P EEK 16401) 505 LET MC=L-256+21 506 PRINT AT 16,0; "PRESS ""C"" TO CLOSE THE FILE. ARROWS MOU E THE "">"" HIT ente r TO INPUT DATA":0\$:0\$:0\$ 507 IF LEN Y\$>=29 THEN PRINT AT 20,0;"data too long--re/input" 508 SLOW 509 PRINT AT Y,0:">";AT Y,0: 510 LET Y\$=CHR\$ USR MC 515 IF Y\$="C" THEN GOTO 602 520 LET Y=PEEK 16683 522 LET MC=L-256+21+5 525 IF Y\$="!" THEN GOTO 400 552 PRINT AT 16,0;" INPUT DATA. PRESS JUST enter TO DELE TE":Q\$:Q\$:Q\$ 554 INPUT YS 555 FAST 556 IF Y=3 AND Y\$="" THEN GOTO 650 557 IF Y=3 THEN LET Y\$="\*"+Y\$ 558 IF LEN Y\$>28 THEN GOTO 507 560 PRINT AT Y,0;Q\$;AT Y,1;Y\$ 561 IF Y=14 THEN GOTO 506 563 POKE 16683,1+PEEK 16683 564 LET Y=PEEK 16683

565 GOTO 506

Once the changes are made, type GOTO 17 to get Pro/File running again. Save an experimental copy on tape, and then try out the new edit mode. You'll note that the cursor doesn't blink like it used to, but pressing the 6 or 7 keys does move it just as before.

One final difference is that after you input a line of text, the screen blanks for an instant. This is caused by the computer going into FAST to speed up some rather slow computations in Basic lines 556 to 565 before going back into machine code.

I found that if line 555 was eliminated a fast finger could BREAK the computer while these lines were executed. If the machine is in FAST mode here, it's virtually impossible.

Following, is a HOT-Z disassembly of the keyboard routine. (If you are learning MC, you NEED Hot-Z). Space does not permit a full blown explanation of what the code does. Read Barry Boyer's article, MC Inkey\$ in September 1983 SYNTAX Newsletter.

USE PRO/FILE TO DOCUMENT YOUR PROGRAMS John Eddington, Edmonton, Alberta

A use for Pro/File I haven't seen mentioned is on a backup computer with 16K--printer optional--as an index of variables while "composing" a program. I'm sure we've all had the fustration of being interrupted from programming by calls to food or bed from sheer exhaustion, and then have to back track for hours in order to remember what a particular variable or program line was intended to do.

If the TV's channel 2 is used for one computer and a UHF channel is used for the other, then all that is needed is a simple switch of the channel selector to flip from one display to the other. I find no interference or other problems doing this, and that it is a useful way to keep track of what's going on in a program.

### KEYBOARD READ ROUTINE

This routine loops through a key scan, moving a cursor up or down in response to pressing the "6" or "7" keys.

The code returns to Basic when the key press is an "I", "C", or ENTER. On return, BC holds the code for the last key pressed and address 412B hex stores the line on which the cursor is located. 412B is an unused byte in one of Pro/File's REM lines. In decimal it is 16683.

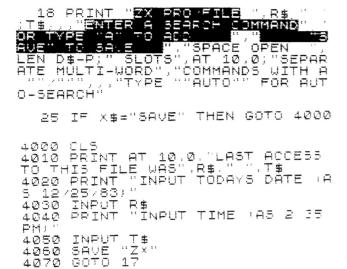
1900 1000 1000 1000 100 100 100 11 100 11 100	STRT KBD7 DCOD	1
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	SOWN	TOPPOCICED STATE OF THE CONTROL OF T
32500 32500 32500 3500 3500 3500 3500 35	UPC_	INC A LD :412B: A CP 0F UR C,FINI BBC HL,BC LD A,:412B: DEC A LC :4412B: A CP 03
04/0 04/0 04/0 04/0 04/0 04/0 04/0 04/0	FINI CYCL MISC	SBC HL, 4128 A L, 4128 A L
27 FFCFCØØØØCQQ1440	INST	RET Z NOP NOP NOP CALL Ø286 INC L MISI JR KBD? LO C, A RET

### TIME AND DATE ENHANCEMENT Charlie Fagg, Austin TX

Here is a little additional code which allows for inputting the time and date so that immediately upon loading you can tell when your last access to the program occured. (I did this because I am basically a disorganized person and sometimes pick up the wrong version of my Pro/File tape to work on.)

When you type SAVE from the Main Menu the computer asks you to type in the date and time before the program goes on tape.

Change lines 18 and 25 as noted, then add the extra program lines starting with 4000.



#### **UNCLASSIFIED**

Sell that piece of gagetry that failed the smoke test, or that extra printer, or memory pack. Non-commercial ads: \$5.00 for 5 lines.

WANTED: New/Used TS-1000 and Memotech centronics I/F. Robert Shade, 3210 North Broad Street, Philadelphia, PA 19140

FOR SALE: AERCO Disk Interface, Drive, Cabinet, Power Supply, Software, etc. \$300 call: Jim (404)-921-3992

MEMOTECH ASSEMBLER plug-in software. Use to help you write machine code. Used but in otherwise good condition. \$30 from Tom Woods, P.O. Box 64, Jefferson, NH 03583

### BLINK ELIMINATOR by Jerry Gillen

This modification changes the computer to the SLOW mode for data entry. Being a very short program addition, I did not re-DIM D\$ downward for more room and have had no trouble. Some readers may want to just in case.

An asterisk (\*) before the line number indicates a new program line. The other lines are either included for ease of entry or are existing lines with only their line numbers (and sometimes the number to which a GOTO or GOSUB jumps) changed.

```
* 23 SLOW X$ INPUT X$ "SAUE" THEN SAUE "Z00 IF X$ = "SAUE" THEN GOTO 565

* 25 IF X$ = "SAUE" THEN GOTO 565

* 26 IF X$ = "AUTO" THEN GOTO 565

* 228 SLOW Y$ * 230 FAST

* 665 SLOW AT 13.0 "PRINT OUT?"

* 665 SLOW AT 13.0 "PRINT OUT?"

* 665 SLOW AT 13.0 "PRINT OUT?"

* 705 FAST 717 GOSUB 1199

*1196 SLOW THEN GOTO 1199

*1225 IF Y = 2 THEN GOTO 1199

2020 GOSUB 1199

2020 GOSUB 1199
```

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